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BEFORE THE WESTERN WASHINGTON GROWTH MANAGEMENT HEARINGS BOARD

ALVIN ALEXANDERSON, DRAGONSLAYER, INC. and MICHELS DEVELOPMENT LLC.

NO. 04-2-0008

Petitioners,

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ORDER FINDING CONTINUING NON-COMPLIANCE

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**CLARK COUNTY** 

Respondent.

This Matter comes before the Board upon a compliance hearing held telephonically on February 7, 2008. Richard Lowry, Chief Civil Deputy Prosecuting Attorney, appeared for Clark County. Eric Merrifield and Patrick Ryan appeared for Petitioners. All three Board members attended, Margery Hite presiding.

### **SYNOPSIS**

In this order, the Board finds that Clark County continues to be in non-compliance with respect to the Memorandum of Understanding with the Cowlitz Indian Tribe (MOU) that the County has adopted, as a *de facto* comprehensive plan amendment. Although this Board had originally found that the MOU was not subject to Board jurisdiction, the Court of Appeals, Division II, found that the MOU constitutes a *de facto* comprehensive plan amendment and the Board has thereafter required compliance of the MOU with the GMA as a comprehensive plan amendment. County Resolution No. 2008-01-18 does not cure the non-compliance since it neither repeals the MOU nor does it adopt it in accordance with the public participation requirements of the Growth Management Act (GMA), Ch.36.70A. RCW.

#### PROCEDURAL HISTORY

The Petition for Review in this case was filed on May 3, 2004 and challenged the adoption of Clark County Resolution No. 2004-03-02. That resolution approved the Memorandum of

ORDER FINDING CONTINUING NON-COMPLIANCE (2008) Case Nos. 04-2-0008 February 20, 2008 Page 1 of 9 Western Washington Growth Management Hearings Board 515 15<sup>TH</sup> Avenue SE P.O. Box 40953 Olympia, Washington 98504-0953 Phone: 360-725-3870 Fax: 360-664-8975

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Understanding (the MOU) between the County and the Cowlitz Indian Tribe concerning certain property that the Tribe seeks to have placed into trust status. The MOU was adopted to address use of the property once it is no longer in the County's jurisdiction by virtue of its trust status. On July 23, 2004, this Board entered an order dismissing the petition based on lack of subject-matter jurisdiction.<sup>1</sup> The Board's order was appealed to the Thurston County Superior Court. The Superior Court affirmed the Board.<sup>2</sup> Petitioners then appealed to the Court of Appeals, Division II. The Court of Appeals reversed the Board's determination that it lacked subject-matter jurisdiction on the basis that the MOU constitutes a *de facto* comprehensive plan amendment.<sup>3</sup> The case was remanded to the Board and on June 15, 2007, this Board found, among other things, that "Clark County did not provide for early and continuous public participation in the adoption of the MOU in violation of RCW 36.70A.020(11), RCW 36.70A.035, and RCW 36.70A.140 and Clark County Code Ch. 40.560."<sup>4</sup>

This latest decision of the Board was also appealed by the County. The Thurston County Superior Court has again affirmed the Board <sup>5</sup> and appeal is pending before the Court of Appeals. <sup>6</sup>

On January 29, 2007, the Clark County Board of Commissioners adopted Resolution No. 2008-01-18.<sup>7</sup> It provides:

Unless the Hearing Board's June 19, 2007 Order on Motion on Remand is overturned on further appellate court review, Clark County will not seek to implement or enforce its provisions.<sup>8</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Order on Motion for Dismissal, July 23, 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Alvin Alexanderson; Dragonslayer, Inc.; and Michels Development ,LLC v. the Board of Clark County Commissioners and the Western Washington Growth Management Hearings Board, Thurston No. 04-2-01723-5(July 1, 2005)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Alexanderson v. Board of County Commissioners, 135 Wn. App. 541 (2006)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Order on Motions on Remand, June 15, 2007 at 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Order Affirming Decision of the Growth Management Hearings Board, Thurston County Superior Court Cause No. 07-2-01398-6, December 14, 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Clark County Compliance Hearing Memorandum at 1 and Exhibit 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Exhibit 4 to Clark County Compliance Hearing Memorandum. ORDER FINDING CONTINUING NON-COMPLIANCE (2008) Case Nos. 04-2-0008

Based on the adoption of Resolution No. 2008-01-18, the County seeks a finding of compliance.<sup>9</sup>

# **ISSUE PRESENTED**

Issue No. 1: Does the adoption of Clark County Resolution No. 2008-01-18 effectively repeal the *de facto* comprehensive plan amendment adopted through the MOU?

Issue No. 2: Did the County provide for early and continuous public participation in the adoption of the MOU in compliance with RCW 36.70A.020(11), RCW 36.70A.035, and RCW 36.70A.140 and Clark County Code Ch. 40.560 through the adoption of Clark County Resolution No. 2008-01-18?

### DISCUSSION

Issue No. 1: Does the adoption of Clark County Resolution No. 2008-01-18 effectively repeal the de facto comprehensive plan amendment adopted through the MOU?

# **Positions of the Parties**

The County argues that Resolution No. 2008-01-18 "makes it clear that the County will not effectuate the MOU unless the Hearings Board Order is overturned." This commitment, the County urges, "goes well beyond the effects of the determination of invalidity entered by the Hearings Board which, under RCW 36.70A.302, focuses upon vesting of development applications."

Petitioners argue that the County has failed to repeal the MOU. 12 The County could not implement and enforce the MOU anyway, Petitioners claim, since the Board has declared it

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Resolution 2008-01-18, Section 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> *Ibid* at Section 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Clark County Compliance Hearing Memorandum at 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Ibid.

Petitioners' Response to Clark County's Hearing Memorandum at 2.
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to be invalid.<sup>13</sup> Further, the issue is not the enforceability of the contract, Petitioners argue, but the compliance of the land use action taken in it.<sup>14</sup>

# **Board Discussion**

Based on the direction from the Court of Appeals that the MOU constitutes a *de facto* comprehensive plan amendment, this Board found that the MOU fails to comply with the public participation requirements of the GMA.<sup>15</sup> The County's promise not to implement or enforce the provisions of the MOU does not constitute a repeal of the comprehensive plan amendment. The MOU remains in effect and the County's agreement not to enforce it does not alter its effectiveness. In fact, the Cowlitz Tribe has made it clear that it will enforce the provisions of the MOU:

It is the continuing position of the Tribe that our government-to-government relationship memorialized in the MOU remains a valid and binding contract between the County and the Tribe. 16

The Resolution itself does not preclude the County from changing its mind with respect to the MOU, and anticipates that it will do so if the decision of the Board is "judicially overturned." If the Board were to find that the Resolution achieved compliance, there would be no basis for Board jurisdiction if the County were to change its mind and decide to enforce its provisions. Also, a finding of compliance would at least arguably moot the existing judicial appeal.

Had the County requested it, the Board might accept a commitment such as is found in the Resolution as a basis for rescinding a determination of invalidity. If the County agrees not to accept applications, thereby precluding them from vesting, the County can accomplish the same thing as a determination of invalidity and prevent inconsistent development

<sup>15</sup> Order on Motions on Remand,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> *Ibid* at 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Letter from Cowlitz Indian Tribe to Clark County, dated January 8, 2008; Exhibit 2 to Clark County Compliance Hearing Memorandum

applications from vesting during the period of compliance remand. Here, however, the County expressly stated that only a finding of compliance would meet its needs, since it wishes to be eligible for state grants. <sup>17</sup>

**Conclusion:** The commitment made in Resolution 2008-01-18 not to implement or enforce the provisions of the MOU does not constitute a repeal of the *de facto* comprehensive plan amendment embodied in the MOU.

Issue No. 2: Did the County provide for early and continuous public participation in the adoption of the MOU in compliance with RCW 36.70A.020(11), RCW 36.70A.035, and RCW 36.70A.140 and Clark County Code Ch. 40.560 through the adoption of Clark County Resolution No. 2008-01-18?

# **Positions of the Parties**

The County does not assert that it adopted Resolution No. 2008-01-18 in accordance with its own public participation plan for comprehensive plan amendments or RCW 36.70A.020(11), RCW 36.70A.035, and RCW 36.70A.140.

Petitioners argue that the County has held no public hearings and solicited no public comment on the MOU.<sup>18</sup> They note that the County could have incorporated the MOU into its pending comprehensive plan revision process but failed to do so.<sup>19</sup>

# **Board Discussion**

The Board's Order on Motions on Remand found that the County had failed to comply with RCW 36.70A.020(11), RCW 36.70A.035, and RCW 36.70A.140 and Clark County Code Ch. 40.560 when it adopted the MOU. This finding was based on the County's stipulation

<sup>19</sup> *Ibid.* 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Oral argument, February 7, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Petitioners' Response to Clark County's Hearing Memorandum at 1.

that it had not followed its GMA processes in approving the MOU, since the County did not believe it was amending its comprehensive plan.<sup>20</sup>

Since the County has not repealed the MOU, the *de facto* comprehensive plan amendment continues to fail to comply with the public participation requirements for adoption of such a legislative land use action under the GMA. Resolution No. 2008-01-18 was not adopted in conformity with the County's public participation plan either.<sup>21</sup>

**Conclusion:** The County has not taken any action to comply with the requirements for public participation in the adoption of its *de facto* comprehensive plan amendment in the MOU. It therefore continues to be in non-compliance with RCW 36.70A.020(11), RCW 36.70A.035, and RCW 36.70A.140 and Clark County Code Ch. 40.560.

# **FINDINGS OF FACT**

- 1. Clark County is located west of the crest of the Cascade mountains and is required to plan pursuant to RCW 36.70A.040.
- 2. Petitioners are the original petitioners in this case.
- 3. The Petition for Review in this case was filed on May 3, 2004 and challenged the adoption of Clark County Resolution No. 2004-03-02.
- 4. On July 23, 2004, this Board entered an order dismissing the petition based on lack of subject-matter jurisdiction.
- The Court of Appeals reversed the Board's determination that it lacked subject-matter jurisdiction on the basis that the MOU constitutes a *de facto* comprehensive plan amendment in *Alexanderson v. Board of County Commissioners*, 135 Wn. App. 541 (Division II -2006).
- 6. On remand, on June 15, 2007, this Board found, among other things, that "Clark County did not provide for early and continuous public participation in the adoption of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Order on Motions on Remand.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> County response to Board questions at oral argument. ORDER FINDING CONTINUING NON-COMPLIANCE (2008) Case Nos. 04-2-0008 February 20, 2008 Page 6 of 9

- the MOU in violation of RCW 36.70A.020(11), RCW 36.70A.035, and RCW 36.70A.140 and Clark County Code Ch. 40.560."
- 7. On January 29, 2007, the Clark County Board of Commissioners adopted Resolution No. 2008-01-18, providing:
  - "Unless the Hearing Board's June 19, 2007 Order on Motion on Remand is overturned on further appellate court review, Clark County will not seek to implement or enforce its provisions."
- 8. The County seeks a finding of compliance based upon the adoption of Resolution No. 2008-01-18.
- 9. Any finding of fact later determined to be a conclusion of law is adopted as such.

### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

- A. The Board has jurisdiction over the parties and subject-matter of this compliance case.
- B. Resolution No. 2008-01-18 did not repeal the *de facto* comprehensive plan amendment embodied in the MOU.
- C. Resolution No. 2008-01-18 did not comply with RCW 36.70A.020(11), RCW 36.70A.035, and RCW 36.70A.140 and Clark County Code Ch. 40.560 in providing early and continuous public participation in the adoption of the *de facto* comprehensive plan amendment embodied in the MOU.
- D. The MOU continues to fail to comply with RCW 36.70A.020(11), RCW 36.70A.035, and RCW 36.70A.140 and Clark County Code Ch. 40.560.
- E. Any conclusion of law later determined to be a finding of fact is adopted as such.

### ORDER

The County is ordered to achieve compliance with the GMA and this order within 180 days of the date of this order. The following schedule shall apply:

Compliance Due	August 15, 2008
Compliance Report and Index to the Record Due (County to file and serve on all parties)	August 22, 2008
Any Objections to a Finding of Compliance Due	September 12, 2008
County's Response Due	October 3, 2008
Compliance Hearing (location to be determined)	October 9, 2008

DATED this 20<sup>th</sup> day of February 2008.

Margery Hite, Board Member
Holly Gadbaw, Board Member
James McNamara, Board Member

Pursuant to RCW 36.70A.300 this is a final order of the Board.

Reconsideration. Pursuant to WAC 242-02-832, you have ten (10) days from the mailing of this Order to file a petition for reconsideration. Petitions for reconsideration shall follow the format set out in WAC 242-02-832. The original and three copies of the petition for reconsideration, together with any argument in support thereof, should be filed by mailing, faxing or delivering the document directly to the Board, with a copy to all other parties of record and their representatives. Filing means actual receipt of the document at the Board office. RCW 34.05.010(6), WAC 242-02-330. The filing of a petition for reconsideration is not a prerequisite for filing a petition for judicial review.

<u>Judicial Review</u>. Any party aggrieved by a final decision of the Board may appeal the decision to superior court as provided by RCW 36.70A.300(5). Proceedings for judicial review may be instituted by filing a petition in superior court according to the procedures specified in chapter 34.05 RCW, Part V, Judicial Review and Civil

<u>Enforcement.</u> The petition for judicial review of this Order shall be filed with the appropriate court and served on the Board, the Office of the Attorney General, and all parties within thirty days after service of the final order, as provided in RCW 34.05.542. Service on the Board may be accomplished in person, by fax or by mail, but service on the Board means <u>actual receipt of the document at the Board office</u> within thirty days after service of the final order.

Service. This Order was served on you the day it was deposited in the United States mail. RCW 34.05.010(19)